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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

# Office Action Summary

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/647,936	NORMAN, CHARLES W.		
Examiner	Art Unit		
STEVEN H D NGUYEN	2619		

	STEVEN H.D NGUYEN	2619	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence ac	ldress
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Estansions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1:13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period with the provision of 37 CFR 1:13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of the mailing d	TE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this of D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25 Jai 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This a 3) Since this application is in condition for allowan closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. ce except for formal matters, pro		e merits is
Disposition of Claims			
	n from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the d Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example.	pted or b)  objected to by the frawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se on is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ejected to. See 37 C	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign an All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents  2. Certified copies of the priority documents  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	have been received. have been received in Applicative documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National	Stage
Attachment(s)			

1) 🛛	Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
2) 🔲	Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/S6/08)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date \_\_\_\_\_\_.

4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. \_\_\_\_\_.

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application
6) Other: \_\_\_\_\_

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### DETAILED ACTION

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all
obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claims 1-6, 8-16 and 18-20 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Somashekhar (USP 7006536)/ Sugawara (USP 6169754)

As claims 1 and 11, Somashekhar discloses a method and communication system comprising a first interface system (Fig 4, Ref 14) configured to receive a first Synchronous Optical Network (SONET) signal including first section overhead and first line overhead in a first transport overhead and including path overhead and user data in a first payload, and in response, to transfer the first section overhead, the first line overhead, the path overhead, and the user data (Fig 5); and a second interface system (Fig 4, Ref 16) configured to receive the first section overhead, the first line overhead, the path overhead, and the user data, and in response, to regenerate the first SONET signal including the first section overhead and the first line overhead in the first transport overhead and including the path overhead and the user data in the first payload, and to transfer the regenerated first SONET signal (Figs 7 and 10). Somashekhar fails to disclose a first interface for receiving over a single optical wavelength a sonet signal to transfer in parallel over multiple optical wavelengths a sonet signal. However, the examiner takes an official notice that a method and system for receiving over a single optical wavelength a sonet signal to transfer in parallel over multiple optical wavelengths a sonet signal is well known

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and expected in the art at the time of invention was made. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to integrate an interface for receiving a single optical wavelength comprising a Sonet signal and transfer in parallel over multiple optical wavelengths the Sonet as stated in the argument into the teaching of Somashekhar. The motivation would have been to improve transmission rate.

As claims 2 and 12, Somashekhar discloses an optical network configured to receive the first section overhead, the first line overhead, the path overhead, and the user data from the first interface system and to transfer the first section overhead, the first line overhead, the path overhead, and the user data to the second interface system (Fig 5, col. 7, lines 24-65 and col. 8, lines 17-58).

As claims 5 and 15, Somashekhar discloses the first interface system is configured to transfer the path overhead and the user data by transferring a second SONET signal including second section overhead and second line overhead in a second transport overhead and including the path overhead and the user data in a second payload (Figs 5, 7-10).

As claims 9 and 19, Somashekhar discloses the second interface system is configured to receive the path overhead and the user data by receiving a second SONET signal including second section overhead and second line overhead in a second transport overhead and including the path overhead and the user data in a second payload (Figs 5, 7-10).

As claims 1-2, 5, 9, 11-12, 15 and 19, Sugawara discloses a method and communication system comprising a first interface system (Fig 9, Ref E) configured to receive a single optical wavelength a first Synchronous Optical Network (SONET) signal including first section overhead and first line overhead in a first transport overhead and including path overhead and

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user data in a first payload, and in response, to transfer in parallel over multiple optical wavelength the first section overhead, the first line overhead, the path overhead, and the user data in a second SONET signal including second section overhead and second line overhead in a second transport overhead and including the path overhead and the user data in a second payload (Col. 8, line 52 to col. 9, line 27); and a second interface system (Fig 9, Ref F) configured to receive the first section overhead, the first line overhead, the path overhead, and the user data, and in response, to regenerate the first SONET signal including the first section overhead and the first line overhead in the first transport overhead and including the path overhead and the user data in the first payload, and to transfer the regenerated first SONET signal (Col. 8, lines 52 to col. 9, lines 27). Sugawara fails to disclose a first interface for receiving over a single optical wavelength a sonet signal to transfer in parallel over multiple optical wavelengths a sonet signal. However, the examiner takes an official notice that a method and system for receiving over a single optical wavelength a sonet signal to transfer in parallel over multiple optical wavelengths a sonet signal is well known and expected in the art at the time of invention was made. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to integrate an interface for receiving a single optical wavelength comprising a Sonet signal and transfer in parallel over multiple optical wavelengths the Sonet as stated in the argument into the teaching of Sugawara. The motivation would have been to improve transmission rate.

As claims 3-4 and 13-14, Somashekhar/Sugawara fails to disclose the first and second provider wherein the first provider for transmitting/receiving the SONET and the second provider being used to convey the SONET signal between the first provider interfaces; therefore form a closed SONET ring for the first provider, a first communication service provider transfers

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the first SONET signal to the first interface system and receives the regenerated first SONET signal from the second interface system, and wherein the communication system is part of a second communication service provider. However, the examiner takes an official notice that a method and system for connecting the first provider ring to a second provider ring are well known in the art at the time of invention was made. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to connect the first provider ring to a second provider ring into Somashekhar/Sugawara in order to link the networks.

As claims 8 and 18, Somashekhar/Sugawara fails to disclose the second interface system is configured to receive the first section overhead, the first line overhead, the path overhead, and the user data in parallel over the multiple optical wavelengths and to transfer the regenerated first SONET signal over the single optical wavelength. However, the examiner takes an official notice that a method and system for conveying a SONET signal in a single wavelength or in plurality of parallel wavelengths are well known and expected in the art at the time invention was made. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to transmit/receive a sonnet signal in single wavelength or plurality parallel wavelengths into Somashekhar/Sugawara in order to transparent the sonet signal via another network.

As claims 6, 10, 16 and 20, Somashekhar/Sugawara fails transferring a second SONET signal including the first section overhead and the first line overhead in a second payload between the first and second interface. However, the examiner takes an official notice that a method and system for encapsulating a sonnet signal into another sonnet signal is well known and expected in the art at the time invention was made. Therefore, it would have been obvious to

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one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to apply a method and system for encapsulating/decapsulating into Somashekhar/Sugawara in order to transparent the sonet signal via another network.

 Claims 1-6, 8-16 and 18-20 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cook (USP 20020103926).

As claims 1-2, 5-6, 9-12, 15-16 and 19-20, Cook discloses a method and communication system comprising a first interface system (Fig 1) configured to receive a single optical wavelength a first Synchronous Optical Network (SONET) signal (Fig 1, Ref 14) including first section overhead and first line overhead in a first transport overhead and including path overhead and user data in a first payload, and in response, to transfer the first section overhead, the first line overhead, the path overhead, and the user data in a second SONET signal (Fig 1, Ref 18) including second section overhead and second line overhead in a second transport overhead and including the first section overhead, the first line overhead, the path overhead and the user data in a second payload via an optical network (Fig. 1, Ref 12); and a second interface system (Fig. 1) configured to receive the first section overhead, the first line overhead, the path overhead, and the user data from optical network by receiving a second SONET signal (Fig 1, Ref 18) including second section overhead and second line overhead in a second transport overhead and including the first section overhead, the first line overhead, the path overhead and the user data in a second payload (Fig 1, Ref 16), and in response, to regenerate the first SONET signal including the first section overhead and the first line overhead in the first transport overhead and including the path overhead and the user data in the first payload, and to transfer the regenerated first SONET signal (Fig 1, Ref 20); See page 2, Sec 16-17, Cook fails to disclose a first interface for

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receiving over a single optical wavelength a sonet signal to transfer in parallel over multiple optical wavelengths a sonet signal. However, the examiner takes an official notice that a method and system for receiving over a single optical wavelength a sonet signal to transfer in parallel over multiple optical wavelengths a sonet signal is well known and expected in the art at the time of invention was made. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to integrate an interface for receiving a single optical wavelength comprising a Sonet signal and transfer in parallel over multiple optical wavelengths the Sonet as stated in the argument into the teaching of Cook. The motivation would have been to improve transmission rate.

As claims 3-4 and 13-14, Cook fails to disclose the first and second provider wherein the first provider for transmitting/receiving the SONET and the second provider being used to convey the SONET signal between the first provider interfaces; therefore form a closed SONET ring for the first provider, a first communication service provider transfers the first SONET signal to the first interface system and receives the regenerated first SONET signal from the second interface system, and wherein the communication system is part of a second communication service provider. However, the examiner takes an official notice that a method and system for connecting the first provider ring to a second provider ring are well known in the art at the time of invention was made. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to connect the first provider ring to a second provider ring in order to link the networks.

As claims 8 and 18, Cook fails to disclose the second interface system is configured to receive the first section overhead, the first line overhead, the path overhead, and the user data in parallel over the multiple optical wavelengths and to transfer the regenerated first SONET signal over the single optical wavelength. However, the examiner takes an official notice that a method and system for conveying a SONET signal in a single wavelength or in plurality of parallel wavelengths are well known and expected in the art at the time invention was made. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to transmit/receive a sonnet signal in single wavelength or plurality parallel wavelengths in order to transparent the sonet signal via another network.

### Response to Arguments

 Applicant's arguments filed 1/25/2008 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

In the first office action, the examiner states that an interface for receiving a single optical wavelength includes a sonet signal and transmitting the sonet signal in parallel over multiple optical wavelengths. In reply, Kikuchi (USP 6532320) discloses an interface for receiving a single optical wavelengths includes a sonet signal and transmitting the sonet signal in parallel over multiple optical wavelengths (Fig 2-4, 8, 13, 14, 16-24, Lamda a for input OC-192 and Lamda 1-4 are output, OC-48). Takeguchi (US 7239649) discloses an interface for receiving a single optical wavelength includes a sonet signal and transmitting the sonet signal in parallel over multiple optical wavelengths (Figs 1-2, input OC-192 and output, OC-48). Shimomura (US 6404525) discloses an interface for receiving a single optical wavelength includes a sonet signal and transmitting the sonet signal in parallel over multiple optical wavelengths (Fig 1). Kim (US 6559989) discloses an interface for receiving a single optical wavelength includes a sonet signal

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and transmitting the sonet signal in parallel over multiple optical wavelengths (Figs 2-3).

Urashita (US 20010030784) discloses an interface for receiving a single optical wavelength includes a sonet signal and transmitting the sonet signal in parallel over multiple optical wavelengths (Figs 2-3).

- 5. In response to applicant's argument that the examiner's conclusion of obviousness is based upon improper hindsight reasoning, it must be recognized that any judgment on obviousness is in a sense necessarily a reconstruction based upon hindsight reasoning. But so long as it takes into account only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skill at the time the claimed invention was made, and does not include knowledge gleaned only from the applicant's disclosure, such a reconstruction is proper. See *In re McLaughlin*, 443 F.2d 1392, 170 USPO 209 (CCPA 1971).
- 6. In response to applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See *In re Fine*, 837 F.2d 1071, 5

  USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988)and *In re Jones*, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, The prior arts such as Somashekhar/Sugawara/Cook discloses the claimed invention excepting for a well known limitation as stated in the office action. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention was made to implement a method for receiving a single wavelength includes a signal and conveying the signal in parallel over multiple wavelength. The motivation would have been to increase a transmission rate.

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#### Conclusion

 THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to STEVEN H.D NGUYEN whose telephone number is (571)272-3159. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jayanti Patel can be reached on (571) 272-2988. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Steven H.D Nguyen/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2619